Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-42 (Canceled).

- 43. (Currently Amended) A communication method, comprising:
- (a) providing a representation of an information pattern having a plurality of degrees of freedom;
- (b) imposing the information pattern as a set of time domain parameters on a signal[[,]] having at least as many excitation conditions time domain parameters as degrees of freedom of the information pattern, to produce an information communication signal;
 - (c) transmitting the information communication signal;
 - (d) receiving the information communication signal; and
- (e) demodulating the received information communication signal to determine the set of time domain parameters from a set of respective baseband phase-amplitude responses.
- 44. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the information communication signal is within a communication band, the

eommunication band being separated into comprises a plurality of frequency components subbands, each frequency components being analyzed separately.

- 45. (Currently Amended) The communication method of claim 44, wherein the demodulating step determines a phase-amplitude response for each respective frequency componentsubband.
- 46. (Currently Amended) The communication method of claim 44, wherein information is communicated over at least two <u>communication channels subbands</u> simultaneously.
- 47. (Currently Amended) The communication method of claim 44, wherein a number of time domain parameters is less than or equal to a number of frequency components subbands.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the set of time domain parameters comprises an acoustic reflection pattern.
- 49. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the set of time domain parameters comprises a set of phase shifts.

- 50. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 44, wherein the set communication band comprises a frequency band having a center frequency in the range of between about 300 MHz to about 30 GHz.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 44, wherein the set communication band comprises a frequency in a band between about 800 MHz and 1.3 GHz and having a bandwidth of between about 1-3%.
- 52. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 44, wherein the <u>frequency components</u> are generated simultaneously.
- 53. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 44, wherein the <u>frequency components</u> are about evenly spaced across the communication band.
- 54. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the demodulator comprises a homodyne[[s]] demodulator that is operable to mix the received information communication signal with a demodulation signal, to produce, in a steady state condition, a signal whose amplitude corresponds to a relative phase-amplitude difference between said information communication signal and said demodulation signal.

- 55. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the demodulator comprises a double balanced mixer.
- 56. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the <u>set of respective baseband phase-amplitude responses</u> is detected by a low pass filter.
- 57. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the <u>set of respective baseband phase-amplitude responses</u> is detected by a low pass filter having at least two poles in its transfer function.
- 58. (Currently Amended) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the <u>set of respective baseband phase-amplitude responses</u> is represented as a scalar value.
- 59. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein time domain parameters include a maximum significant time constant of less than about 5 μ S and comprises a pattern selected from a signal perturbation space having about 16 degrees of freedom.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The communication method according to claim 43, wherein the demodulator determines self-consistency of received data.

- 61. (Currently Amended) A communication system, comprising:
- (a) an input receiving a representation of an information pattern having a plurality of degrees of freedom;
- (b) a modulator for configured to modulateing the information pattern as a set of time domain parameters on a signal[[,]] having at least as many excitation conditions time domain parameters as degrees of freedom of the information pattern, to produce an information communication signal;
- (c) a demodulator for configured to demodulateing the received information communication signal to determine the set of time domain parameters from a set of respective demodulated baseband phase-amplitude response; and
 - (d) an analyzer for configured to regenerateing the information pattern.